R.W. WESTOOTT, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, at 16;
o'clock, at No. 42 Charles at, embracing all the Purniture is
the above house, consisting of Rosewood, Mahogany and
Walnut, Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture, Pier
Glasses, Paintings, Rose wood Piano-Forte, &C. Catalogue
and be obtained of the Auctioneer, and at the house on the
morning of sale. No postponement.

an recovery J. Bleecker, Auctioneer.

Antrony J. Bleecker, Auctioneer.

Antrony J. Bleecker, Auctioneer.

SALE of CORNER LOTS on BROADWAY

and AVENUES lith. 10th, 2th, 5th, 3d, 2d, A, and B.
Also, Lefs en 5tth, 33th, 55th, and 11th-sts. Also, a Marsino on Avenue A, between 5th and 5th-sts. with Girden, &c. Also, Water Right on Ecat River. 200 feet front, between 5th and 5th-sts. Also, a Water Right on Harlem River.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKER will sell at Anction, on TUESDAY, March 15, 1854, at Merchants' Exchange, the following property, viz.: 2 Lots on S.W. corner 5th av. and 32th-st.; 5 Lots on S.W. corner 19th av. and 3th-st.; 3 Lots on S.E. corner Broadway and 42d-st.; 1 Lot on N. W. corner 3th-st., and 5th-st.; 1 Lot on N. E. corner 3d-av. and 5th-st.; 2 Lots on S.E. corner 3th-st., and 5th-st.; 2 Lots S.E. corner 3th-st., and 5th-st.; 3 Lots on Sobh-st.; 1 Lot on S.E. corner 3th-st., between 4th-st., and 5th-st.; 1 Lot on 5th-st.; 2 Lots on 5th-st.; 1 Lot on 5th-st.;

SPRING FURNITURE SALES-The undereigned respectfully announces to his friends and the lie that he is prepared, as usual, to give his personal at-tion to eales of Furniture at the residences of families, ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Real Estate and General Auctioneer, No. 59 Wall-st.

THE four HOUSES and LOTS Nos. 280, 282, 34, and 238 27th-st. in the City of New-York, at no.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKPR will sell at public on on SATURDAY, March 12, 1853, at 12 o'clock, M., Merchants' Exchange, the following desirable pro-tice.

at the Merchants' Exchange, the following desirable pro-letty, viz.

ON TWENTY-SEVENTH-67.—The four three-story base-ment and brick houses and lots of ground known as Nos. 260, 282, 284 and 203 27th-st, south side, between the 9th and 10th-8ve, commercing 100 feet east of the 10th-av. The houses are each 12 feet 2 inches by 37 feet in depth, and be-tween the houses 254 and 263 there is an alley way leading to the rear of the lots. The lots are 16 feet 9 inches front and rear by 58 feet 9 inches in depth. This property is very de-restitute of rear buildings; two-thirds of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage.

For maps and further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, No. 7 Broad-st. (2,501)

JALUABLE WATER RIGHT and LOTS

ALUABLE WATER RIGHT and LOTS of GROUND on the North River, and end RTM, 65TM and 67TM-87TS, at America.—COLE & CHILTON will sell at eaching on WEDNESD at, March 9, 1833, at 12 o'check, at the Merchante Exchange, the valuable Water Right and Lots of Ground on the North River, from the 11th to Ethews and 44th to 65th-sta, comprising two full blocks of Upland and Water Lots, together with the Water Right.

Also, Colors—9 Lots on the mosth side of 65th-st., between the 5th and 9th-avs.

Also, Ebots, the full front of the block, on the east side, from 65th to 66th-st.

Also, is both to full front of the block, on the east side, from 65th to 66th-st.

Also, is Lots south side of 65th-st., between the 5th and 5th avs. All of the above Lots are vory desirable, and are each 25 by 400 feet 5 ins deep. Maps can be had of the Auctioner, No. 9 Wall-st. (932)

360 LOTS and PACKAGES CROCKERY
and GLASSWARE, WEDNESDAY, Marel 9,
164 o'clock, at No. 52 John-st. Cash sale of all kinds line
and common Crockery and Glasware, in lots for retailers
and srocers. A large lot of Rockingham and Tellow Stone-

#### Dry Goods.

A NOTHER LARGE LOT of WET GOODS A NOTHER LARGE LOT of WEI GOODS
A having been wet and redressed, has just been received,
consisting of Demasks. Linen Sheeting, Linen Shirting,
Napkina, Toweling, Dispers, Handkereldefs, &c., &c., &c., together with a large assortment of Spring Goods, which will
be cold THIS DAY at great bargains. Goods sent to all
parts of the city by express houry.
A. G. COLEY, No. 45 3d-av, between 9th and 10th-ets.

WORTH of DRY-GOODS from Acction.—Great bargains in Table Linens. Sheeting and Philow Case Linens and Consterpance double Demsek Table Linen (2 yds wide.) only 4/6 per yard; elegant double Damsek snow-drop do. (2 yds wide.) 5/6 and 6/ per yard; Fringed Doibias. 6/ per doz; large size snow-drop Napkine, very fine, 15/ and 14/ per doz; large size snow-drop Napkine, very fine, 15/ and 14/ per doz; large size snow-drop Napkine, very fine, 15/ and 14/ per doz; large size snow-drop Napkine, very fine, 15/ and 14/ per doz; large size snow-drop Napkine, very fine, 15/ and 16/ per yard; elegant large size counterpance, 12/, 15/ and 16/ per piece, fine Linen Stapers, 8/, 10/ and 12/ per piece, of 12 yards, at BURDETT'S Cheap Dry Goods Store, No. 156 Walker-st.

# Clothing, &c.

FASHIONABLE HATS.—Elegant French Silk Hata at \$3-\$1 less than Broadway prices. Neat Hats at \$2 50. No. 156 Canal-st., one door from Sulliyan.

HATS for GENTLEMEN, of the spring style, are now ready for inspection; for lastre of that and material will vie with any offered. We solicit e attention of those in want of a beautiful article, feeling J. H. MONARQUE, No. 226 Bowery.

METALLIC INDIA RUBBER GOODS.— UNION INDIA RUBBER Co., Warehouse No. 19 Rassaudi.—Exclusive manufacturers, under Goodyear's Partners, of

Cleaks, Air Beda, Horse Covurs, Capes, Pillows, Carriage Cloth, Core, Goods made by this Company are warranted to stand any by Milson, President. F. M. Shepard, Treas, and Secretary.

# Copartnership.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—We have This Day admitted EDWARD D. JONES and AU-GUSTUS WATERMAN SE Partners in our House. New-York, Feb. 8, 1850. CYRUS W. FIELD & Co.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership hereto-fore existing under the firm of LORD & PINCK-NEY, was dissolved by initial consent on the 1st of Janua-plast. The unsettled business will be adjusted by THOMP-GON PINCKNEY, who will sent them the hardest of ry last. The unsettled business will continue the business on his SON PINCKNEY, who will continue the business on his own account at No. 275 Front'st. March 3, 1878. JOSEPH N. LORD, THOMPSON PINCKNEY.

# Professional Notices.

ENGINEERING-The undersigned is pre JOGINEERING—The undersigned is pre-lapared to furnish Specificatons, Estimates, Plans in cen-nal and detail, of Steamships, Steamboats, Propellers, High allow Pressure Engines, Boilers and Machinery of every sertiption. Brokerin Steam Vessels, Machinery, Boilers, c. Geseral Agent for Asherol's Steam Guage, Allen & eyes' Metallic Selfadjusting Conical Packing, Faber's legislic Water Guage, Roebling's Patent Wire Rope for disting and steering purposes, &c., &c., &c. CHAS, W. COPELAND, Consulting Engineer, No. 64 Broadway.

IVERPOOL, ORRELL and CANNEL Lé COAL—Large size for family use now discharging— doe in yard. Redand white Ash Coal of all tires, and of the best qualities, for sale by SAMUEL THOMPSON & KEPHEW, No. 48 Gould-st.; No. 275 Pearl-st., and corner Evrington & Soffolk-st.

COAL.—The very best quality of Peach Or-chard, (Red Ash) egg and stove sizes, well screened and red in good order from under cover, at \$5 per ten, be misest size for Grocers always on hand, at yard, No. 36 Oc rok-st., cor. Rivington. MAT. CLINTON.

# Drean Steamers, &c.

USTRALIA-CLIPPER LINE.-The A 1 A. pecket ship ROCKLAND, 1.80 tune burthen, Vinal, master, will succeed the CANTON as tenth ship of the line, as sail for MELBOURNE, PORT PHILIP, on 25th March. The unsurpassed accommodations of this noble this is a surficient inducement for parties to examine here; and the established reputation of this regular line for dispatch over all others, is a guarantee for intending emigrants to engage by her in preference to any other vessel bound to that port. For height or passage, early application should be made to WM T. DUGAN, No. 45 Front st., or to AR-KELL, a ELLIOTT, No. 146 Pearl st.

USTRALIAN PACKET-Excelsior Line. best Malbourne, Port Phillip—The entirely new beaminal real chipper GEM OF THE SEA. Bowen, mander, succeeds the chipper Panama, and sails as above, and sails as a source of the cargo is engaged. No steerage or second in passengers taken. From the faultiess model of this sailed chipper, and the long experience of Capt. Bowen assumed theyer, and the long experience of Capt. Bowen sailed chipper, and the long experience of Capt. Bowen bester to the ludian and Pacific Oceans, it is confident-redicted she will distance all competitors, and make passage inside of 70 days. For cablic passage in freight by the RUSSELL & NORTON, No. 31 Old-shp.

INIT D STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP MPANY—Counseting with the Pacific Mail Steam-y, carrying the great United States Mail. On-agi United States Mail Lane for California and Ore-a Aspinwall and Panarias. Greater reduced prices— a Aspinwall and Panarias. U.S. Mail Steamship by through United States Mail Line for California and Orega, vs. Aspinwall and Panama. Greaty reduced prices.—The replended new and double engine U.S. Mail Steamship Hall "012, \$3.00 tims burden, H.J. Hartatene, U.S. Navy, cour adder, will sail on MONDAY, March 2t, at 2 o'clock Mail saider, will sail on MONDAY, March 2t, at 2 o'clock Mail sail, from pier at foot of Warrenest, North Rivers The Puchic Mail Steamship Company's magnificent steamer in EDEN GATE, will be in readiness at Panama to the Puchic Mail Steamship Company's magnificent steamer in EDEN GATE, will be in readiness at Panama to the Practice from 2 to 25 days, at the commodations are only equaled by her consort to the steamer on the Pacific from 2 to 25 days, at the commodations are only equaled by her consort to the steamers on their passengers through with exception of the parameter of the passengers and safety. Passengers will be landed throat wharf, at Aspinwall, free. Transit of the the passengers' expense. Persons securing the passengers' expense.

New-York, have preference of accommodation on board the Pacific Mail Steamers. Rates of Fare from Panams to San Francisco on the most favorable terms. For Freight or Pas-sage apply to CHARLES A. WHITNEY. at the office of the Companies, No. 177 West-st.,

STEAMER for AUSTRALIA, via the STHMUS of PANAMA—The substantial steamship UNICORN, Capt. W. F. Lafridge, having beautiful accommodations, will be dispatched from Panama in the early part of April, for Sydney, New South Wales, under seem and canvas. She will take a limited number of First and Second Cabun Passengers, who can leave New York as late as by steamer of 21st March, for Aspinwall. The attention of persons wishing to avoid the voyage around the Cape is invited to this opportunity. Apply to

NDEPENDENT OPPOSITION LINE for CALIFORNIA—At a Great Reduction in Price.—The new, splendid and fast sailing streamship UNCLE SAM, (2,00) tune) William A. Mills, Commander, will sail for Aspinwall on MONDAY, March 21, at 2 P. M., from Pier No. 3, N. R. The Uncle Sam has established the character of being the fastest steamer on the route, laving on her two former voyaces beat all of her competitors from two to five days. Her good qualities as a see boat and accommodations for passengers, are as much superior to other steamers as her speed. No efforts will be spared on the part of her owners or officers, to send the passengers through with expedition, comfort and safety. For freight or pussages at extracely low rates, apply to E. MILLS, Agent, No. 51 Courdandies. NDEPENDENT OPPOSITION LINE for

THE SHORTEST and CHEAPEST ROUTE-VANDERBILT LINE for SAN FRAN-CISCO-The Accessory Transit Co of Nicasagua proprietors—Through in advance of the Mail—Only Line giving Through Tickets, including the latimus crossing. The favorite Double Empine steemship PROMETHEUS 2, 600 tuns burden, will leave from pier No. 2, North River, at 3 o'clock, precisely, for San Jean del Norte, on SATUR-DAY, March 19, connecting with the popular steamship PACIFIC, 1860 tuns burden, over the Nicaragua Transit Boute, having but 12 miles of lead transportation. These steamers are unsurpassed in their ventilation and scoommodations. For information, or passage at the lowest rates, apply only at the Agency of the Company, No 9 Batterypiace, upstairs.

C. VANDERBILT, Agent.

Pessengers are continued against the representations of place, upstairs.

C. VANDERBILT, Agent.

Passengers are emtioned against the representations of
hired runners of other lines. None are employed for this
line. A mail bag is made up at the office.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY-FOR NEW-ORLEANS, via HAVANA-The splendid steampship EMPIRE CITY, H. Windle, Commander, will sail from the pier at foot of Werren-st., N. R., on SATURDAY, March 12, at 2 o'clock, P. M. predicte. precisely.
s of passage to Havana and New-Orleans-New Ar-

ling. For freight or passage, apply to M. O. ROBERTS, No. 177 West-st., cor. of Warren-st.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.-The LIV.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—The LIVERPOOL and PHILADELPHIA STEAMSHIP
Co intend sailing the tavorite steamship as follows:
TUNS
CITY OF MANCHESTER, 2,125, Capt. Robert Leithin.
CITY OF GLASGOW. 1,610, Capt. William Wylla.
CITY OF GLASGOW. Saturday, March, 25, 1853
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Saturday, March, 25, 1853
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Saturday, Jaco II, 1833
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Saturday, July 2, 1833
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Saturday, July 2, 1833
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Wednesday, July 2, 1833
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Wednesday, March 30, 1853
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Wednesday, March 30, 1853
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Wednesday, May 18, 1853
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Wednesday, July 6, 1853
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Wedn

tee.
Freight 60: per tun; coarse goods, hardware, &c., will be then subject to agreement.
An experienced Surgeon will be carried on each ship.
Small drafts drawn at right on England and Ireland.

For freight or passage apply to THOMAS RICHARDSON, No. 41 Exchange place, N. Y. and No. 9 Walmster, Philadelphia RICHARDSON, BROTHERS & Co. Liverpool.

### Medical.

A NTI-BILIOUS PILLS-Used with unfail-A ing success in all disorders of the Liver and Bowals, Chronic and accute Infamination of the Liver, Janudice, Construction, Confiveness, Pypippsia, Headache, Heart-burn, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Nausea and Vomiting, and in any derangement of the Bewels they will prove a safe and efficient cathastic, coming no pain in their action. A liberal distoration to wholesals dealers. Office, Mainest, Sing-Sing N. V. Price A. Sing, N. Y. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale in New-York by OLCOTT, McKESSON & ROBBINS, 127 Maiden-lane

DOCTOR VAN HAMBERT'S GERMAN

POCTOR VAN HAMBERT'S GERMAN

FEMALE RENOVATING PILLS—Both in the
female infirmery and in private practice, Dr. VAN HAM

ERT, of Gerinsuy, has used these Pills with unparalleled
success. Price \$1 per box. N. B.—Purchase none unless
they have the certificate of copy right on the wrapper, and
the written signatures of H. C. Van Hambert, M. D., on the
duty stamp ground each box, and E. M. GUION, Ceneral
Agent for United States, America, No. 127 Bowery, corner
of Grandest, and Mrs. HAYES, No. 175 Fulton-st, Brook
lyn.

IF YOU WANT WHISKERS and MOUS TACHES in six wocks, without stain or injury to the flesh, use GRAHAM'S ONGUENT; if not do not use it. It will do all I say, but don't take my word, ask some one who has used it. Si per bottle, sent to say part of the county.

LEECHES! LEECHES!-A large lot of Direches just received, fresh, healthy and large, at \$50 per hundred and \$60 per thousand. For sale by F. PATUREL & Co., No. 230 Pearl st.

MANY PERSONS suppose when they read MANY PERSONS suppose when they read about Cough Remedics, that all are trash slike. Too many of them are, but the COUGH LOZENGES made by M. DAME are a scientific preparation. The materials costing the properties of the control of the reader is unfortunately afflicted with a Cough (either recent or chrunic,) Asthma, Phthysic, Bronchitis Whooping Cough, Tickling in the Throat. Catarrh, or any Disease of the Lungs or Throat, more relief can be obtained from these Lozenges that any other remedy.

Sold by A. B. & D. Sanda, No. 100 Fulton-st.; M. Dame, No. 32 Carmine-st.; Abm. Birdsall, No. 451 Pearl at Haviland, Nos. 159 Division and 177 Henry-sts: and others. Wilhamsburgh—Miller, South 5th and 4th-sts.; Peodleton, 4th and South 7th-sts.; Ratten, No. 26 Christiand, No. 26 Grand-st., and others, in town and country, in packages for 124 and 25 cents each.

RELIEF, RELIEF may at all times be found from the most distressing Coughs or Colds in the short space of Ten Minutes, by using DEVINE'S COMPOUND PITCH LOZENGES. They never fail to restore the voice when it has been suspended by hoarseness. Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. C. V. Clickener & Co., 81 Rarclay st, are the general agents for New-York and the vicinity, to whom all orders should be addressed.

WE, the UNDERSIGNED, being every way W E, the UNDERSIGNED, being every way
disposed to give the public an opportunity of testing
the wonderful curstive properties of Dr. WATTS'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE, hereby solemnly promise to return
the money deposited for it, if it proves otherwise than beneficial in any case for which it has been tried:

J. Fitrpatrick, M. D. F. R. C. S., No. 1547th-av.

J. J. Jennings, No. 438 Hudson-st.

H. W. Smith, M. D., No. 369 5th-av.

J. W. Ranney, M. D., No. 272 5th-ar.

F. Smith, M. D., No. 193d-av.

J. B. Overton, M. D. cor. of Walker and Division.

J. H. Irwin, M. D., No. 193 Broome.

Wholessie office No. 424 Greenwich-st.

# Water Cure.

HYDROPATHIC and HYGIENIC INSTI-TUTE. No. 15 Latguest.—This establishment having been enlarged by the addition of the double house adjoin-ing, can now accommodate about one hundred persons. Spe-cial department for femule thesases. R. T. TRALL, M. D., Proprietor. Dr. J. L. HOSFORD, Assistant.

NEWPORT WATER CURE.—This estab hishment will be opened on the first of April. It has been fitted up with particular regard to the comfort and convenience of patients, and it is, with the celebrated healthfulness of the Newport climate, will make it a most desirable cure. Address Dr. W. F. REH, Newport, R. I.

# Legal Notices.

N PURSUANCE of an order of Jesse C. Smith, Rog., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is bevelop given, seconding to law, to all persons having obtains against JOHS, WILL, as of the City of Breedlyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the reachers facility that the absorber at the residence, at No. 71 Perreport at. in the City of Reacklyn, as or [f16 lawsmW] GEORGE S. WILL, Execute

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surro and of the County of New York, notice is besidy given to all persons having chains agreement LEONARD LEE, lets of the City of New York, discounsed, to prevent the same, with vocablest thereof, in the subscriber, of his office, Na. 88. Narmaust, in the City of New York, in the before the fiftheenth day of August mat.—Dated, New York, the enthick day of February, 1688.

\*\*EDWARD DE WIFT, Executor.\*\*

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surregate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHS B. HELME, late of the City of New York, Physician, doceased, to present the same, with vouches there of, to the susceribers, at the effice of Charine Olinsted, No. 250 Spring-4, in the City of New York, on to buline the first day of your text. - Dated, New York the Sth day of November, 1852, and Lawdon Well Lawdon W

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surroante of the County of New York, notice is beenly given to all persons having claims against ELEZA W. JONES, late of the City of New York, deceased, to person the same with workness thereof the subscriber, at her place of business, at the office of West & Giver, No. 35 Wall-st., in the City of New York, on or before the first day of May next.—Beted, New York, the 19th day of October, 182, 620 lawdmW. ELIZA L. VAN VLECK, Administrative.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surro-A gate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MICHARL HIGGINS, late of the City of New York, document, to prosent the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of W. Yeuvill, Attorney at Law, No. 148 Berandway, in the City of New Tork, do no before the first day of July next.—Dujed, New York, the toward which day of December, 1952, day lawfin West.

BY JOHN RENNET,

#29 lawfin West.

#20 Lawfin West.

#21 DOWN RENNET,

#22 Lawfin West.

N PURSUANCE of an order of Jesse C.

N PURSUANCE of an order of the Surro-

IN PURSUANCE of an order of Jesse C.

MiswimW" ALICE STUDWELL, Esecutors IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surro-A gate of the County of New York, notice is hereing given to all per some having chimic against JOHN A. HUGHIS, late of the Car o New York domained, to general the same, with concluses thereon, to the naturables, at his effice, No. 2 Frie Hantmad Bundings, itselfs at

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Sarro gate of the County of New York, notice is hereby growth all per-turing claims against the estate of DANIEL DONEGLE, i.e. the City of New York, decreased, to Present the same will town thereof in the subscribers, at their re-idence. No. 311 Johnst. in

gate of the County of New York, notice is becamy given one having chains against JOHN A. TATLOR, late of the ew York deceased, in present the art of the county LAVENIA A. TATLOR. Administrative

to a decree of the High Court of Chancery in England, shale in the Fitteen against Storily, bearing date the 10th day of March and Associate it was referred to Joseph Hamphrey, Esparen, the

CAPES & STUANT,
No. I Field court Gray a lan, Lonnius
Archite for E. Warch, Solicitor, Cochecusouth, Camberland, or
Messes, Seni, Carlicle, Comberland,
RAYEN & BRADLEY

NOTICE of DISTRIBUTION.-Notice is bereis aren that the proceeds of the sale of the Real Estate
of BRADLET M. GOODNAN, the of the City of New York, decreased larty made by Galviel Van Cort, under the order of the Surorganies of the County of New York, will be distributed according to
me, at the Surrogate's Office, in the City of New York, on the limit
age of April sear, at ten o'olock in the surresion of that dev, when all
persons having a larte or demands against said estate will present
them to real currogate with their provider or wonders,
mild few.

A. W. SHADFORD, Surrogate.

NEW-YORK SUPERIOR COURT.—
FILIZARETH J. LINARD by ARIJAR MANN, Jr. ber Goardien, against MART ANN JENNINGS.—Summons for Religious To. the deficienciant. Ton are hereby summoned and equipped in answer the complement in this action, which is filed to the course of the Circle to the early of the section, which is filed to the course of the Circle to the early of the course of the summons on you, activative of the day of noth service; a most if you fall to answer the end complaint.

of the street - Dates New York, Pennsy Santal's Attorney,

CUPREME COURT.-Richard C.Van Wyck rgainst Charles J. Hurst, Alfred Hirst, William A. Hurst, George ald Hirst, Abraham Gallagher, or Gallaer, Anna Augusta Ga-er, or Gallaer, Westhrook Van Vler and Emelian his wife, Wil-him wife, William Sherman, Railar d County, on the 18th day of February, 1853, the 1awfe W SWIFT & EMOTT, Plaintiff's Attr's

# NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

Miscellaneous Foreign Items. -Capt. Penny, the eminent Arctic navigator,

has at length succeeded (says The Literary Gazette) in forming a Company for prosecuting the Whale Fishery, and founding a permanent settlement in the Arctic Re-gions. He designs to employ propellers in whale-fishing in the bays and inlets of Davis Straits. A Colony to be founded in the inlet known as Northumberland Inlet, or Hogarth Sound, in about the same latitude as Archangel. In this locality there are not only excellent fishing grounds, but great store of mineral wealth, es-pecially of plumbago. The Company will send out two acrew steamers of 500 tuns each, in the spring months, to the sens between Greenland and Nova Zembla, and later in the year the steamers would start for Hogarth Sound, so as to arrive there before August. They would remain there until the ice forms in November, when they would return to England with the produce, leaving settlers to prosecute the inshore fichery, and store up the proceeds until the return of the steamers

-A singular crime has just come to light in the little principality of Lippe Schaumburg. A country genticmen of large property in that principality died, isaving one daughter and two sons. The daugh-ter, who was heiress to the greatest part of the prop-erty, soon after disappeared, no one knew whither, and consequently the two brothers became sole heirs of the estate. Now, after the lapse of some 15 or 20 years, seedent has brought to light the fact that the daughter still Ever, and has been kept imprisoned by her two inhuman brothers during all this time in a cellar. The matter has already come into the courts, and the monsters will get their deserts.

....The means of communication between Cologne and the opposite bank of the Rhine, save the small row boats, has hitherto consisted of the famous bridge of boats and a single steam ferry boat. Some years since the project of building a grand, permanent bridge, for the passage of railroad cars, began to be sgitated, and we see by the Kölnische Zeitung, that the Berlin papers announce that a plan has been adopted, and the work is to be commenced as soon as the state of the weather and river will permit, that it may be finished in 1857. The Vossische Zeitung, however, disbelieves the report, among other reasons, because the Prussian Government has no funds to appropriate for the purpose.

-A nicely dressed gentleman recently took the place in a coach of the "Messageries generales" next the conductor, which was leaving Paris for Montford. At this place the gentleman complained of illness, and left the coach, taking with him, however, a sack containing 100,000 francs, which had been placed in the care of the conductor. He hurried back to Paris, exchanged there 80,000 francs in gold for bank notes, and instantly left for England. Police agents have been sent to London to hunt him up.

-At the Theatre Français, the other night, M. Arsene Houssaye, the Manager, received the Em-peror and Empress, in full dress, wearing a sword, and

with a candelabra, and four candles in one hand. Escerting them to their box he went backwards, and his sword caught in an ornamental shrub, throwing him down and smearing his embroidered coat with the

melted wax of the candles. -Dr. Vogel and his companions of the Central African Expedition have left London, via Malta, to Tripoli and Murzuk; having reached the latter place the state of the country will determine their route to the Interior. They will press on without delay to Lake Tead, where they intend to make a number of scientific observations.

--- In Meurs, a Prussian town near Dusseldorf, an sgod Jewess, died on the 8th uit. She was born there in 1746, and had consequently reached the age of 107 years. On the first of the same month at snother wan called Himme, Miriam Goldstein died still older, having been born at Metz, May 11, 1742making her nearly 110 years of ago.

-The Spanish Government is talking about encouraging immigration; the immigrants must be Catholics, and skilled in Agriculture; land will be given them on the shores of the Guadalquiver. At the same time the industrious cultivators of Marcia are leaving the country in distress; 60,000 of them have emigrated

-Liebig lately commenced a course of pubflame. He spoke particularly of Hydrogen and Oxygen the process of burning, the nature of flame, the influence of other bodies upon its intensity &c., accom--In Paris in 1852, the Oyster eaters con-

sumed 1,678,926 francs worth of those animals; the average price was 25 france the hundred, and total number devoured was 70,000,000. -The Municipal Council of Paris has just

published its budget of receipts and expenditures for 1853. The total receipts are estimated at 47,114,316 francs, and expenditures precisely the same amount. -A notice in the Monitour summoned all

-The Earl of Belfast died, at Naples, a few

the Superior Naval Officers in Paris to assemble at

days since, aged 25. The Bishop of Lincoln (Rev. Dr. Kaye) died Feb. 19; and Lady Charlotte Penrhyn, sister to the Earl of Derby, expired on the 15th. -Two hundred and five vessels are now

on the berth at British home ports for the Australian Colonies, and comprise 96,000 tune, with no scarcity of either passengers or cargoes. -The Pharmaceutical Society of London

have taken up the subject of the adulteration of American lard, and are submitting various samples to ana-.... A funeral service for the recently de-

ceased Prince Cardinal Von Diepenbrock, of Breslau, was on the 17th February, celebrated with extraordipary pemp, in the noble cathedral at Cologue. -Col. Frement's solicitors communicate to The London Times the recognition of his claims to the

estate of Mariposas, California. -The British Electric Telegraph Company have declared a dividend of ti) P cent, free of in

-" Under the immediate sanction of the Duchess of Sutherland," a Miss Forbes is lecturing in England on American negro Slavery.

-M. Anselme Halphen, Regent of the Bank of France, and Admiral Delasseaux, Major-Gen. of Marine, are dead.

-A new Company is announced in London, under the name of "the Spanish and Portuguese Screw Steamship Company," -The well known German, Kinkel, has ac-

cepted a place as Professor of the German language, at Westbourne College, London. -King Maximilian, of Bavaria, has been spending the winter in Rome, where he has given many splendid balls.

-The privilege of keeping gambling houses Baden has been rented for the present year 152,400

-Trufles have been discovered near La Rochelle in France, as good as those of Perigord.

FROM NASSAU, N. P .- The Bahama Legisla-FROM NASSAU, N. F.—Inc Banania Legisla-ture met at Nassau on the 22d uit. The Message of the Governor presented a rather favorable view of the Col-eny. The Governor says he has entertained, and fre-quently expressed to the legislative bodies, an earnest desire to promote the advent to that Colony of valetu-dinariane, and their families, from Canada and the United States. He availed himself of a recent visit to United States. He availed himself of a recent visit to Philiedelphia and New-York, to spread shroad the advantages which the winter climate of the Bahamas holds cut to those who are suffering from pulmonary weakness. The recent establishment of a monthly mul steamer between Nassau and Savannah, he sids, has already had the effect within the present month of bringing to the Islands no inconsiderable number of American families in search of health. The three principal care to of the Islands in 1842 effort and principal care to of the Islands in 1842 effort and principal care to of the Islands in 1842 effort and principal care to of the Islands in 1842 effort and principal care to of the Islands in 1842 effort and principal care to of the Islands in 1842 effort and principal care. American families in search of health. The three principal exports of the Islands in 1842—fruit, sait, and sponge—fell short of those of 1851. Last year pine-apples, aranges, said o her fruit were exported to the value of £10,850, while in 1851 the value was £12,600, showing a decrease of £1,750. The export of sait in 1852 amounted to £14,440; whereas, in 1851 it was £16,500—showing a decrease of £2,000. The sponge trade shows the following figures: In 1859 the export was £5,700, in 1851 £14,000, in 1852 £11,237. It is proposed to erect a fourth light house in the Bahama Islands, to be placed on the Great Isaac Rock.

# Letter from Gerrit Smith.

PETERBORO, Thursday, Feb. 24, 1853. Mr. Douglass—The account in yesterday's Tribune of the meeting in Syracuse, 22d inst., is not

Tribuse of the meeting in Syracuse, 234 inst., is not free from mistakes.

First: It represents the meeting to have been a Free Democratic State Convention, whereas it was a Liberty Party State Convention.

Second: It makes me compare Judge Hall with the infamous Jeffries. But what I said was, that the practice in the U. S. Courts in Philadelphia, Boston, and Albany, in requiring Jurors to swear to uphold an enactment for slavery, if the Judge shall tell them it is constitutional, an engreechment on the rights of Jurors, of which

slavery, if the Judge shall tell them it is constitutional, is an encroachment on the rights of Jurors, of which even Jeffrie plinself was not guilty.

Third: It bakes me say, that one of the Jurors in the Enoch Reed case "avowed that the conviction was caused by physical exhaustion." That it was so caused was, however, but the opinion, which Mr. May and I said of this Juror was, that he appeared to regret the verdict. Another Juror, also, as I was informed by District Abstrace Calvin respected it.

Another Juror, also, as I was informed by District Abtorney Colvin, regretted it.

Fourth: It makes me say, that, were I on trial, I would
"tell all about it"—that is, about the rescue of Jerry.
This was said by Mr. May—not by myself.

Fight: Ir leaves room for the belief, that I boasted in
Convention that I had argued Judge Hall into my "position on the question of Savery." Indeed, I wish that I
had been able to do so. But I have no evidence that I
was. It is true, that, in a conversation with me, he delared that he would forcebly resist a certain outrage lared that he would forcibly resist a certain carred that he would horizony reaso a certain bolizage upon his family; and it is, therefore, true, that he cannot, without great and guilty inconsistency, punish the forcible resistance of an attempt to enslave. But it is not true that this declaration of the Judge was produced by any power of argument on my part. Grant Smith.

Mrs. Mowarr, the celebrated actress, is filling an engagement at the St. Charles Theatre, New-Orleans, with great success.

To On Friday last, Hon. Alvah Hunt was initiated into the White Heroa Totem of the Iroquois, by the name of War-nis-heyo.—"The Beautiful Day." There were present at Mr. Hunt's lodgings, to perform this interesting ceremony, two Chiefs of the Cayagas, two of the Onondagas, two warriors of the latter tribe, an aged Chief of the Onoidas, and his colleague, with two warriors and two interpreters. This honor was conferred in testimony of gratifude for the services of Mr. Hunt, in prevnting the reunant of the Cayagas from being driven from their homes. The scene is described as one of high and romastic interest. [Rochester Dem.

During the recent storm of simultaneous new and lightning in Maine, the lightning struck four peo-ple, and shivered a large spruot-tree into a thousand splin-ters. Two vessels at Northeast Harbor were also struck, and somederably damaged. The lightning is described as being of a purple color, and it sometimes appeared his bails of fire. At Mount Desert the fluid came down among a cluster of trees, taking them out by the roots, with stones and earth, and throwing all in every direction, some of which were left hunging by their roots from the tops of the adjacent standing trees—roots up, tops down.

A boy was caught in the act of stealing dried berries in front of a store the other day, and was locked up in a dark closet by the grocer. Then the boy commenced begging most pathetically to be released, and after using all the personations that the young imagination conditioned in the personation that the young imagination conditioned in the proposed: Now, if you'll let me out and send for my dadry, he'll pay you for the berries, and lick me besides! This appeal was too much for the grocery man to than out against.

The Louisville (Ky.) Democrat contradicts the rumor that J. H. Harney, senior editor of that paper, has gone to Washington for the purpose of editing The Union newspaper. The Governor of New-Hampshire has appeinted the 7th of April as a day of fasting and prayer,

OUR STATE PRISONS.

Annual Report of the Inspectors.

From the Annual Report of the Inspectors of State Prisons, recently submitted to the Legislature, we learn that there has been no change of importance in the condition of the prisons during the past year. On the 1st of December 1851, there were 1,714 convicts confined in the prisons, of whom 830 were at Sing Sing, 771 at Auburn, and 113 at Clinton. On the 1st of December, 1852, there were 1,843 remaining in the prisons, of whom 924 were at Sing Sing, 752 at Auburn, and 167 at Clinton. The daily average of prisoners during the year at Sing Sing, has been 881, at Auburn 759, at Clinton 125. The number received at all the risons during the year was 733, and the number discharged was 546, of whom 303 were by expiration of term, 143 by pardon, 3 by babeas corpus and reversal of judgment, and 7 were transferred to the Lunatic

Asylum, 39 died, and three escaped.

The male convict earnings at Sing-Sing, exclusive of work performed for the State, for the year ending September 30, 1832, was \$71,797.12; and the cash receipts from all sources were \$78,788.62. The amount expended for ordinary support during the year, was \$73,414.42, leaving a behance against the prison of \$2,685.69.

was \$55,414.42, leaving a belance against the prison of \$5.685.80.

The shop destroyed by fire has been rebuilt at an expense of about \$6,000, and the other buildings and repairs made at the prison during the year amount to the further sum of about \$2,000.

The Agent anticipates adedcit in the revenues of the prison for the coming year, and saks for a specific appropriation of \$13,000, for the purpose of discharging the present indebtedness of the prison, &c.

The warden, in his report, again unges the necessity of a protection wall around the prison, as essential to the safety of the property deposited in the work shops, and the security of the officers, and saic keeping of the convicts.

The daily average number of convicts at the female 

The expenses of the prison were..... 

maters.

At the Auburn prison, during the year anding Nov. 30, 1852, the dualy average number of convicts was 730. The earnings of the convicts to September 30, 1852, including labor on the buildings, was \$65,612.39, and the total amount of receipts from all sources, including amount received on appropriation, was \$61,836.37.

The amount expended for ordinary support during the year was \$65,771.44, and the total amount of expenditure for all purposes was \$56,073.67.

The work on the new building designed for a hospital, chapel, mess-room and kitchen, has been carried forward during the season, and the walls are now completed and the roof put on.

e root put on. This building is of stone, with grated windows, and

The roof of the main building of the prison is in a de-

The roof of the main building of the prison is in a decreacy acquisition and \$5,000 are called for to make the necessary repairs.

From the report of the agent of the Auburn Prison, it appears that the outstanding indebtedness of the prison on the first of October last, above its resources, was about \$14,000, for which it will be necessary to provide by an appropriation from the Treasury.

During the year energy December 30, 1852, fifty-called the provided the prison of the

aviets have been transferred from Auburn, to the Clinton prison.

An increase of the number of cells in this prison will

An increase of the number of cells in this prison will very shortly be necessary.

The Daily average number of convicts at the Clinton Prison during the year ending September 30, 1852, was 125, and the number of working days in which they were employed was 310.

The average earnings of each convict for the year, is \$188.72, or 60 cents per day.

The testal carnings of the prison during the year, and receipts from prison sources, amount to \$29,765.20, Nearly \$7,000 of the shove amount of earnings, aktiough valuable to the State in the erection of buildings, and the improvements of the prison property, is not available for prison support. The cesh receipts of the prison from all sources, including the appropriation, were \$40,045.65, and the amount paid for ordinary support and debts, was \$20.815.20.

The indebtedness of this prison on the first of October at \$13,000, and an appropriation of \$27,000 is called for

at \$13,000, and an appropriation of \$27,000 is called for to \$14,000.

In the mouth of November, 1851, a fire occurred at this prison, by which the machine shop and blacksmith shop were destroyed, whereby a loss accrued to the State of shout \$3,000. During the past year the agent has erected a new machine shop, 120 feet long and 40 feet while; a blacksmith shop, 34 by 26; a coal house, 26 by 20, and has also made a necessary addition to the saw-mill, 20 by 60 feet. These improvements have been made with convict labor, with the exception of the services of one man employed to superinteed the work.

The construction of a blast furnace, for which an appropriation of \$17,000 was made at the last session of the Legislature, was entered upon early in the season, and was prosecuted as long as the westher would permit in the fail. Most of the work has been performed by convict labor, and, in the opinion of the agent, the appropriation already made will be sufficient to complete it.

It is in contemplation to erect in the apring, in ad-

iete it. It is in contemplation to erect in the spring, in addition to the furnace, six forge fires for the purpose of making finished from which will involve an expenditure of near \$2,000 in addition to the labor of the convicts

of near \$2,000 in addition to the labor of the convicts employed in their construction.

When these works shall all be completed, 300 men can be profitably employed at this prison.

Under the contract with the owners of the Averill are bed, the State has paid for rent, from 1840 to 1852, inclusive, the sum of \$7.628 23. This contract has yet six years to run, and, under the extended operations at the prison now contemplated, the amount of ore raised must be largely increased, and, consequently, a much greater sum annually paid for rent of the mine. The inspectors strongly urge that the State should purchase this ore bed, although the proprietors have peremptorily declined the price awarded by the Commissioners appointed by the Governor to appraise the property.

The Inspectors think it destrable that a larger proportion of the State convicts should be sent to Clinton, and recommend the passage of an act requiring the Judges.

The Inspectors think it desirable that a larger proportion of the State convicts should be sent to Clinton, and recommend the passage of an act requiring the Judges bolding Courts in such of the Counties of the Third Judicial District as ite north of Green and Columbia to sentence all convicts to the Clinton Prison.

The number of punishments indicted during the past year have slightly increased. The total number at Sing Sing beirg 310, at Auburn 431, and at Clinton 96. The mode of punishment is the same as heretofore, and mainly consists in the use of the yoke, the shower-bath, ball and chain, and solitary confinement, and is administered with reterence to the magnitude of the offense, and the disposition manifested by the offending convict. The punishment inflicted in all the prisons is confined to comparatively few individuals, and those of the most ignorant and degraded class.

The Report recommends an alteration of the law so as to provide the discharged convict with more suitable and decent clothing, and a more adequate appropriation of money for the relief of his immediate wants.

An increase of pay to the officers of the Prisons is recommended.

Of the whole number of males committed to prison during the year ending Nov. 30, 1852, 317 were foreigners, and 394 are natives of the Unifed States.

A fact, which exampt fail to arrest attention, says the Report is found in the large upportion of intemperate

during the year ending Nov. 30, 1852, 317 were foreignere, and 394 are natives of the United States.

A fact, which cannot fail to arrest attention, says the Report, is found in the large proportion of intemperate men, among those committed during the year. Of 320 received at the male prison at Sing Sing, 215 are reported as intemperate; and of 293 received at Auburn, 181 are reported as intemperate, of the remaining number, a considerable portion of them may safely be ranked as intemperate, or occasional drinkers, as it is often ascertained that a convict, on coming into prison, sithough stamped with the infamy of crime, is salamed to acknowledge himself a drunkard. Numerous instances have fallen under our observation where the convict, after having reported himself to the clerk, on his examination, as a temperate man, has subsequently acknowledged that he had misrepresented the truth. It cannot be denied that intemperance, and the habitual use of intoxicating drinks as a beverage, is the great source of crime, as well as pauperism, in the community. The simple fact that during the past year 306 men have been convicted of infamous crimes, and sentenced to confinement in the prisons at Auburn and Sing Sing, who may trace the cause of their degradation and ruin directly to the use of intoxicating drinks, is suggestive of reflections of the most serious character, as it seems to be the dictate of humaning as well as sound policy to so direct the legislation of the State as to preveat crime as well as to punish it. It seems to us that a cause which is knewn to produce the great majority of crime among us should receive the attention its importance demands.

Another fact worthy of notice, is the limited degree of education exhibited by the great mass of the convicts.

ance demands.

Another fact worthy of notice, is the limited degree of education exhibited by the great mass of the convicts. Of 320 received at Sing Sing during the year, 20 are reported as well educated; 40 as having a common education; 183 who can read and write; 28 who can read only, and 43 who can neither read nor write. Of 293 received at Auburn, one is reported as having an academical education; 2 collegiste; 188 can read and write; 53 read only, and 49 can neither read nor write.

It is usually the case that of these who are able to

read only, and 48 can neither read nor write.

It is usually the case, that of those who are able to read and write, those two acquirements constitute nearly all the education they have received; while the aumber who may be said to have a good common education is extremely limited. The ignorant and uneducated convicts bear a much greater propartion to the whole number than do the uneducated in community to the whole population.

whose population.

These facts all go far to prove that ignorance and intemperance are the principal agents in supplying our
prisons with convicts, and indicate, with unerring certainty, the channel in which remedial legislation should
be directed.

Hon. Franklin Pierce, the President elect, and Gov. Noah Martin, of N. H., were on the 2d inst, elected honorary members of the New-England Historic Genealogical Society.

The Plushing School. FLUSHING, L. I., Monday, March 7, 1853. To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune:

The letter of the "Flushing Board of Education," published in your paper of Saturday, calls for a few observations. They shall be brief, as I'do not wish to trespass upon your space. It will be seen by the sub-joined resolution, passed at a public meeting of the Catholic inhabitants of this place, as well as from the extract of the letter accompanying it to the Board, that we cannot be charged with "injustice" toward the Tescher in question; for, her dismissal is there only

we cannot be charged with "injustice" toward the Teacher in question; for, her dismissal is there only suggested on a condition, which, if verified, would I think have more than justified it. I rejoice, however, that the Board have taken the whole responsibility on themselves; and, as they say, they have "investigated" the charges, and found them not proved, "we must, I suppose, bow to that decision.

But it does seem somewhat strance—keeping in view the extract given below—that those most intimately concerned, the Catholic population, knew absolutely nothing then, nor do they know anything at the present day, of that "investigation."

Hex, and sakes, and aches it was made is still a mystery, and most undoubteally, so far as we are concerned, it was a strictly priesse "investigation." Let me not be misundersteed; I am far from seeking to impute anything dishonest or dishonorable to the Board; but can they feel surprised if such an "investigation" did nothing towards allaying the suspicious that had been aroused. On this head I have only further to observe, that if the Board had condescended to hear the statements of Catholic—both parents and children—they might have arrived at a different conclusion, and seen reason to pause before writing, "it is not true, &c." In truth, it is not casy to see how a Teacher could be justified in sat inforcing "a custom, which had the entire appressed of the Board." The serry sneer of our being only approfessing Christians, because the Protestnat form of the Luri's Frayer is not in use among us, we can afford to pass over; but with regard to our candidate, so very harshly spoken of, I must observe that he was selected on that occasion because of a residence here extending some thirty years back, during which, by his industry and energy, be had accumulated a large fortune, and, in a workilly polat of view, placed himself at the head of the Catholic community.

With regard to myself, I have only to add, that there unity. With regard to myself, I have only to add, that there

With regard to myself, I have only to add, that there has been no "advisement on the part of Archbishop Hughes," as the Trustees have thought proper to assert, and that if he has not read any letter in your columns, he can have no knowledge schatzeer of the subject. I have had no "controvery" with the foliots of the Flushing Journal, nor shall any such controversy be ever entered on by time. As long as I have a certainty that my Protestant fellow towns and judge of me by say accase and not by what may be impated in the columns of the Journal, its Editor will have my full permission to abuse me as much and as beartly as may promote his own private ends. It is doubtful, however, if such a course will contribute much to the general interests and respectability of the place. And it is on this ground, and on this ground alone, that I regret the Board closed their labors of the 4th inst., without disclaiming and crusling, as by one single line they might, the diagraceful and un-American rehearsal of calumnies long time dead, but now resuscitated, to set class against class. their labers of the 4th inst., without disclaiming and crushing, as by one single line they might, the disgraedual in the most of the most of calumnies long since dead, but now restactiated, to set class against class. While I have confidence in the good sense and general forbest over the most of my own people, beannot but acknowledge that many of them are far from perfect, and that there is a point where these virtues may fail them. Leaving criticism on the good taste displayed in other pertions of the letter of the Board to the general public, allow me to say in conclusion, that if the common school fare ind been conducted on the principles laid down in your "remarks" on my last letter, and not converted into a house of religion, and Protestar propers and Protestant Bible reading, it might long have enjoyed the confidence, and carned the support and stallude of the Catholic population.

With great respect, your obedient servant, Jenn McMannon, Catholic Pricet, Flushing. The following is an extract of a letter to the Board to which reference is made above:
"Sevesi complants have been made restricting the conduct of Miss M, such as let having Methodistical hymns taught and sing daring the closel hours. 2d. Appointing subcollastes to see (by watching the clades hours, 2d. Appointing subcollastes to see (by watching the clades perfect who complanted of this, that their children most even quit the school to learn and recta these pergess."

On this account the fourth relaxation was passed, and the charges will be verified, if the Board appoint a proper time for hearing the evidence.

Resolution referred to above, and passed at a public meeting held on the 24th Oct., 1852:

Resolution for the partice of making public passes are since the children bare been introduced, as report says, by Miss M, without

Resolved That if the practice of making public prayer before the children bave been introduced, as report any. by Miss M. without the marker ity of the Board, we would respectfully suggest the property of her removal from the position of Teacher, in order that considerate may be restored.

The Sunbury and Eric Railrond-Surrender of a Suspected Counterfeiter-Accidents Labor Movements, &c.

Labor Movements, &c.

Correspondence of the S. Y. Tribmos

PRILADELPHIA, March 6, 1833.

A large meeting of citizens was held at the County Court-House last evening, in opposition to the action of the County Commissioners, appropriating \$2,000,000 subscription to the stock of the Susbury and Eric Railroad Company. A series of resolutions, stating the grounds of their opposition, were read and adopted. They assert that the County of Philadelphia is not in a financial condition to make a subscription of the kind, and if it was, that the Commissioners have no legal right to make it. Mr. Jostah Randall made a powerful said very cloquent speech in defense of the Sunbury and Eric Railroad, but condemning, in the strongest terms, the outrageous assumption of power by the County Commissioners. Mr. Randall pictured, in glowing language, the lumense advantages of the Road, and urged the adoption of such means as will insure its speedy completion. The speaker was very carnest in his remarks, and declared bimself a Philadelphian in heart and soul, and ready to do his best to advance the interests of the city of his love. Mr. Randall made quite a lengthy and a very excellent speech.

On Monday last, Mayor Gilpin, of this city, dispatched three officers to Lower Merion Township, Montgomery County, for the purpose of arresting a men named Samuel Sanders, on a charge of making and selling a die used for counterfeiting the gold dollars.

Montgomery County, for the purpose of arresting a men named Sanuel Sanders, on a charge of making and selling a die used for counterfeiting the gold dollars of the United States. The accused lives at a farmhouse, situated between the Haverford road and the Lancaster Turnpike, "Sanders was out when thee hiers went to the house on Monday. On Friday, Olkers winkle, McCauley and Seed, repaired to the spot, and were confronted by Sanders, who stood at the deep of his house. Upon making known their business, Sanders, it is alleged, presented a single-barrel gun at the breast of Seed, and defied the party. He subsequently directed his wife to bring him a double-barrel gun, which was done, and the officers were compelled to beat a retreat in search of assistance. They subsequently returned to the house, and found that Sanders had decamped on horseback. The officers then took possession of the house, and found the guns, which had been heavily loaded. They also found a quantity caltered notes secreted in the house. Yesterday morning Sanders went to Mayor Gilpin, and voluntarily currendered himself. He stated that he returned to his house on Friday night by stealth, and found it in possession of the officers; he lottered about the house all night, and suffered much from the cold; he finally determined to yield. The Mayor held the accused in \$4,000 bail to answer the charge of making and selling a die for countrfeiting coin; in \$2,000 for altering bank notes, and in the additional sum of \$2,000 for the assett and battery upon the officers. Ball in the accused in \$4,000 ball to answer the charge of making and selling a die for countrfeiting coin; in \$2,000 for altering bank notes, and in the additional sum of \$2,000 for the sanut and battery upon the officers. Ball in the outre amount of \$2,000 was promptly entered by the friends of the defendant. The die, which it is alleged was obtained from Sanders, is in the possession of the Mayor. On Friday, John Ward, watchman, in the employ of the Camden and Amboy Reilroad Company,

of coming in contact with a bridge. He leaves a wife and family.

John Burnwood, engineer upon the Columbia Railroad, had both of his legs severed from his body on Friday, near Whitehall, while springing from his engine to escape a threatened collision. He was brought to the Hospital. Mr. Burnwood has a wife and 9 children, who reside in this city.

The mechanics of Philadelphia favorable to siding their brother workmen at Baltimore, in their present strike, held an adjourned meeting, lest night, at the Chinese Museum. The Committee appointed to collect subscriptions in aid of the cause, reported, and a collection was taken up in the meeting. The sum of \$550 was placed in the hands of the Treasurer. A Committee of four was appointed by the meeting to visit the meeting to the flate, to collect aid for the Baltimod mechanics.

The United States to collect aid for the Baltimod and the state of the state o

mechanics.

The United States sloop-of-war Vandalia started on her expedition to Japan, from this city, yesterday morning.

Hon. PETER HITCHGOCK, an eminent citizen of Ohio, died at the residence of his son in Painesville on the 4th inst. Judge Hitchcock was a native of Cheshire, Ct., and removed to Ohio ab commencement of the present century. In his adopted State he had at different times filled with credit the offices of State Senator and Representative, member of Congress, Judge of the Supreme Court, &c.

The Albany Journal, noticing the paragraph that the late Dr. Wm. Kirkpatrick, Superintendent of the Syracuse Salt Works, was a cousin to the grandfather of the Empress of France, says, that Dr. K. left two sons, of the same age, now some 22 or 23, who are in circumstances too imposedent to ask any share, however much they may rejoice in the "fortune" of their cousin—the Empress. The Journal might have added, that they are too noble and American in their sentiments to touch a single grain of the gold which the Empress has at her disposal.

"Requirer of the property of the sold which the Empress has at her disposal.

Empress has at her disposal.

"REGULATION" IS DELAWARE.—A "Temperance ESI" has passed the House of Delegates of Delaware by a vote of 13 to 3, the prohibiting Bill having been lost by a tie vote of 10 to 10. The Delaware Herald says, "The Temperance Bill does not meet the views of the friends of Temperance, and they will not cease their efforts until they get a strict prohibiting law. The Diamond State is determined to shine as a jewel of the first center."

The Rev. J. L. Kirkpatrick, D.D., formerly of Alabama, has accepted a call from the Globe-treet Presbyterian church, Charleston, S. C., and will soon enter upon his pastoral duties.